Elementary Statistics	Name:
Study Guide 32	Class:
Due Date:	Score:

Your solutions must be consistent with class notes & resources.

Be Neat, Organized, and No Work  $\Leftrightarrow$  No Points

1. Consider the following table for observed values:

	$C_1$	$C_2$	$C_3$	Total
$R_1$	1	2	3	
$R_2$	2	1	1	
Total				

(a) (3 points) Complete the following for expected values. Show your work for the finding the answers for the first column.

	$C_1$	$C_2$	$C_3$
$R_1$			
$R_2$			

(b) (3 points) Use the formula to find the computed test statistic.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_

(c) (3 points) Find the corresponding P-value. Drawing, Shading, Labeling, and full TI command Required.

(c) \_\_\_\_

2. (3 points) Consider a contingency table with 5 rows, 4 columns, and C.T.S.  $\chi^2 = 54.321$ . Use your TI Calculator to find the corresponding P-Value.

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. In a survey of 200 randomly selected married couples, the results were categorized and are displayed in the table below.

			Wife	
		Short	Average	Tall
	Short	23	37	15
Husband	Average	18	42	15
	Tall	14	26	10

At  $\alpha = 0.05$  level of significance, test the claim that row and column categories are independent by using the data in the table above.

(a) (3 points) Clearly state  $H_0$  and  $H_1$ .

H<sub>0</sub>:\_\_\_\_\_\_

(b) (4 points) Find the computed test statistic, and the P-value. Name the TI command used.

C.T.S. : \_\_\_\_\_

P-Value : \_\_\_\_\_

(c) (3 points) Based on this testing, do you conclude that these row and column categories are independent or dependent?

(c) \_\_\_\_\_

4. The table below shows the number of wins and losses by home team from 1998-99 to 2007-08 in both regular and post season in NBA.

	Wins	Loses
Regular Season	7021	4569
Post Season	539	288

At  $\alpha = 0.05$  level of significance, test the claim that row and column categories are independent by using the data in the table above.

- (a) (2 points) Clearly state  $H_0$  and  $H_1$ .
  - *H*<sub>0</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_\_ *H*<sub>1</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_
- (b) (3 points) Find the computed test statistic, and the P-value. Name the TI command used.

C.T.S. : \_\_\_\_\_

P-Value : \_\_\_\_\_

(c) (3 points) Based on this testing, do you conclude that these row and column categories are independent or dependent?

## (c) \_\_\_\_\_

5. The plant manager at a local company wanted to know if there is a relationship between the number of no shows at work and the day of the week. He collected some data and the results were categorized and are displayed in the table below.

Day	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Fri
No Shows	12	6	8	10	14

At  $\alpha = 0.05$  level of significance, test the claim that row and column categories are independent by using the data in the table above.

- (a) (3 points) Clearly state  $H_0$  and  $H_1$ .
  - *H*<sub>0</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_\_ *H*<sub>1</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_

- (b) (3 points) Find the computed test statistic, and the P-value. Name the TI command used.
  - C.T.S. : \_\_\_\_\_

P-Value : \_\_\_\_\_

(c) (3 points) Based on this testing, do you conclude that these row and column categories are independent or dependent?

(c) \_\_\_\_\_

6. A player throws a die 300 times and records the outcome after each throw and obtains the following results.

Outcome	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	54	56	55	55	50	30

(a) (2 points) How many of each outcomes would you expect to get?

(a) \_\_\_\_\_\_ At  $\alpha = 0.05$  level of significance, test the claim that this die is a loaded die by using the data in the table above.

- (b) (3 points) Clearly state  $H_0$  and  $H_1$ .
  - *H*<sub>0</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_
  - *H*<sub>1</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_
- (c) (3 points) Find the computed test statistic, and the P-value. Name the TI command used.

C.T.S. : \_\_\_\_\_

P-Value : \_\_\_\_\_

(d) (3 points) Based on this testing, do you conclude that this is a loaded die or a fair die?

(d) \_\_\_\_\_

No one can take away from you what you have learned.